Florida Green Finance Authority ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT September 30, 2017

Florida Green Finance Authority

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2017

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Directors
Florida Green Finance Authority
Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Florida Green Finance Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Directors Florida Green Finance Authority

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Authority, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures in accordance with governmental auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 28, 2018 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Florida Green Finance Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

September 28, 2018

Management's discussion and analysis of Florida Green Finance Authority (the "Authority") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the Authority's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the Authority and should be read in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the Authority's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for the Authority's major funds. The Notes to financial statements provide additional information concerning the Authority's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the Authority, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position are reported in three categories; net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The statement of activities presents information on all revenues and expenses of the Authority and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the Authority. To assist in understanding the Authority's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the Authority include general government, physical environment and debt service.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the Authority. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all governmental funds. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual is provided for the Authority's General Fund. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Authority's activities. Individual funds are established by the Authority to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statement is designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis and is reported on a full-accrual economic resource basis, which recognizes all non-current assets and receivables as well as all non-current debt and obligations. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. In contrast, the governmental fund financial statements are grouped into funds to account for and to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis where as revenues are recorded when collected in the current period or within 60 days of year-end and expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred. The difference between the two statements arises primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. A reconciliation of the government-wide and the fund financial statement is provided to illustrate these differences.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the Authority. Additional information about the accounting practices of the Authority, investments of the Authority, capital assets and long-term debt are some of the items included in the *notes to financial statements*.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2017.

- ♦ The Authority's total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$85,634, (net position). Unrestricted net position for Governmental Activities was \$74,255. Restricted net position was \$11,379.
- ♦ Governmental activities revenues totaled \$304,061 while governmental activities expenses totaled \$210,322.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the Authority

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the Authority and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2017	2016			
Current assets Restricted assets Total Assets and Deferred	\$ 2,213,103	\$ 2,271,265 9,000			
outflows of resources	2,213,103	2,280,265			
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	245,634 1,881,835	226,906 2,061,464			
Total Liabilities	2,127,469	2,288,370			
Net position - restricted Net position - unrestricted	11,379 74,255	11,379 (19,484)			
Total Net Position	\$ 85,634	\$ (8,105)			

The decrease in current assets is mainly related to current year payments on assessments receivable.

The decrease in total liabilities is the result of the current year debt service payments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Financial Analysis of the Authority</u> (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the Authority and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
		2017		2016
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$	303,930	\$	-
General Revenues				
Operating grants and contributions		-		12,166
Investment earnings		131		69
Total Revenues		304,061		12,235
Expenses		70.474		40.740
General government		78,171		40,740
Clean energy costs		-		2,026,695
Interest on long term debt		132,151		112,197
Total Expenses		210,322		2,179,632
Change in Net Position		93,739	(2,167,397)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(8,105)		2,159,292
Net Position - End of Year	\$	85,634	\$	(8,105)

The increase in charges for services is mostly attributable to assessments received for home clean energy projects.

The decrease in clean energy costs is related to a large project that was completed in the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget exceeded actual expenditures for the year primarily because actual expenditures for the legal advertisements and miscellaneous expenditures were less the budgeted amount.

The budget was amended to reallocate revenues and expenditures to match actual results.

Debt Management

Governmental Activities debt includes the following:

In June 2015, the Authority issued \$2,225,700 Series 2015-1 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds. The Bonds were issued to finance certain allowable energy improvements. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2017 was \$2,056,444.

In April 2014, the Authority issued a \$49,556 PACE Financing Agreement to finance solar improvements. The initial funding was \$5,020 The balance outstanding at September 30, 2017 was \$4,873.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Authority anticipates continuing to work with the third-party administrator to issue additional bonds and loans for Enhanced Energy Products.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Florida Green Finance Authority's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Florida Green Finance Authority, Special District Services, 2501A Burns Rd, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410.

Florida Green Finance Authority STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 136,050		
Investments	11,379		
Assessments receivable	2,061,793		
Due from other governments	3,881		
Total Current Assets	2,213,103		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	15,031		
Accrued interest	51,121		
Loans payable-current	155		
Bonds payable-current	179,327		
Total Current Liabilities	245,634		
Non-Current Liabilities			
Loans payable	4,718		
Bonds payable	1,877,117		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,881,835		
Total Liabilities	2,127,469		
NET POSITION			
Restricted for capital projects	11,379		
Unrestricted	74,255		
Total Net Position	\$ 85,634		

Florida Green Finance Authority STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

				Program evenues	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities		
Functions/Programs	<u></u>	xpenses		arges for Services			
Primary government							
Governmental Activities General government Interest and other costs	\$	(78,171) (132,151)	\$	171,501 132,429	\$	93,330 278	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(210,322)	\$	303,930		93,608	
		neral revenues vestment earr				131	
	Cha	inge in Net Po	sition	ı		93,739	
		Position - Oct		•		(8,105)	
	Net	Position - Sep	otemb	er 30, 2017	\$	85,634	

Florida Green Finance Authority BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2017

	Governmental Funds							
ASSETS		General		Debt Service	Capital Projects		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash Investments Assessments receivable Due from other governments Total Assets	\$	127,050 - 5,349 3,881 136,280		9,000 - 2,056,444 - 2,065,444	\$	11,379 - - 11,379	\$	136,050 11,379 2,061,793 3,881 2,213,103
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	15,031	\$		\$		\$	15,031
DEFRRED INFLOWS Unavailable revenues		5,349	2	,056,444			\$	2,061,793
FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital projects Unassigned Total Fund Balances		- - 115,900 115,900		9,000		- 11,379 - 11,379		9,000 11,379 115,900 136,279
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	136,280	\$ 2	,065,444	\$	11,379	\$	2,213,103

Florida Green Finance Authority RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 136,279
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Assessments receivable in future years are recognized as deferred inflows at the fund level, however, these receivables were recognized as revenues in a prior year.	2,061,793
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and loans payable are not due and payable in the period, and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.	(2,061,317)
Accrued interest expense for long-term debt is not a current financial use and; therefore, is not reported at the fund level.	(51,121)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 85,634

Florida Green Finance Authority STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Governmental Funds

	Governmental Funds							
	General			Debt Service		Capital rojects	Gov	Totals vernmental Funds
Revenues								
Special assessments	\$	171,648	\$	301,685	\$	-	\$	473,333
Investment earnings		131		_		-		131
Total Revenues		171,779		301,685		-		473,464
Expenditures								
Current		70.474						70.474
General government		78,171		-		-		78,171
Debt service								
Principal		147		169,256		-		169,403
Interest		338		132,429		-		132,767
Other debt service		3,442		-				3,442
Total Expenditures		82,098		301,685				383,783
Net change in fund balances		89,681		-		-		89,681
Fund Balances - October 1, 2016		26,219		9,000		11,379		46,598
Fund Balances - September 30, 2017	\$	115,900	\$	9,000	\$	11,379	\$	136,279

Florida Green Finance Authority RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 89,681
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Current payments on assessments receivable are recognized as revenues at the fund level. These payments were recognized as revenues in a prior year at the government-wide level.	(169,403)
Principal payments on long-term debt are expenditures at the fund level, however, these payments reduce liabilities at the government-wide level.	169,403
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding and matured bonds; whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due. This is the increase in accrued interest from the prior year.	4,058
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 93,739

Florida Green Finance Authority STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Special assessments	\$ 60,760	\$ 171,648	\$ 171,648	\$ -
Investment earnings	60	131	131	
Total Revenues	60,820	171,779	171,779	<u>-</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	51,009	83,187	78,171	5,016
Debt Service				
Principal	485	485	147	338
Interest	-	-	338	(338)
Other debt service	9,326	7,323	3,442	3,881
Total Expenditures	60,820	90,995	82,098	8,897
Net change in fund balances		80,784	89,681	8,897
Fund Balances - October 1, 2016			26,219	26,219
Fund Balances - September 30, 2017	\$ -	\$ 80,784	\$ 115,900	\$ 35,116

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Authority's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

Florida Green Finance Authority was established on June 11, 2012 pursuant to an Interlocal Agreement between the Town of Lantana and the Town of Mangonia Park (The "Originating Parties") and subsequent parties who have since become members of the Authority ("Parties") and the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, Chapter 163, Florida Statutes. The Authority was established for the purpose of issuing revenue bonds and other debt obligations to provide financing for the cost of certain improvements as defined by Section 163.08, Florida Statutes ("PACE ACT"), including energy efficiency improvements, renewable energy improvements and wind resistance improvements ("Qualifying Improvements"). The Authority shall exercise any or all powers granted under Sections 163.01 and 163.08, Florida Statutes as well as powers, privileges and authorities which the Originating Parties and Parties might exercise separately. The Authority is governed by an up to seven-member Board of Directors appointed by the governing bodies of each of the Originating Parties and five additional Directors. The authority plans to appoint one Director from each of the five geographic regions that make up the water management districts in Florida. These five Directors will be appointed by the first governing body that joins the Authority within each water management district.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Florida Green Finance Authority (the primary government) as a stand-alone government. The reporting entity for the Authority includes all functions of government in which the Authority's Board exercises oversight responsibility including, but not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Authority has not identified a discretely-presented component unit.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by developer contributions and interest. Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the Authority is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The Authority classifies fund balance according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The Authority has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by the state constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The assigned fund balances can also be assigned by the Authority's management company.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance is considered to be utilized first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for debt service requirements to retire the revenue bonds and loans issued by the Authority.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction of certain qualifying improvements to properties within the boundaries of the Authority.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

b. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets and non-current governmental liabilities, such as long-term debt, be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Investments

Chapter 280, Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

The Authority is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969:
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

b. Restricted Assets

Certain net position of the Authority will be classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

c. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after public hearings for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The Authority utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. Formal budgets are adopted for the general fund. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. As a result, deficits in the budget variance columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end.

d. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund that is applicable to a future reporting period. The unavailable revenues are reported only at the fund level. The source of the unavailable revenues is assessments receivable on qualifying improvements to properties within the Authority. The revenues will be recognized in the period the amounts become available.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the Authority's governmental funds \$136,279 differs from "net position" of governmental activities \$85,634 reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Special Assessments Receivable

The assessments receivable in future years are recognized as deferred inflows at the fund level, however these amounts were recognized as revenues at the government-wide level in a prior year.

Deferred Inflows \$ 2,061,793

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the Authority's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at September 30, 2017 were:

Bonds payable \$ (2,061,317)

Accrued interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the accrued interest on bonds.

Accrued interest \$ (51,121)

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for government funds \$89,681 differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities \$93,739 reported in the Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Assessments receivable

Revenues in the current period associated with the current year payments on assessments receivable were recognized as revenues at the government-wide level in a prior year.

Assessment revenues <u>\$ (169,403)</u>

Long-term debt transactions

Repayments of loan principal are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used.

Bond principal payments \$ 169,403

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in accrued interest payable \$ 4.058

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority follows the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments. As of September 30, 2017, the Authority's bank balance was \$136,800 and the carrying value was \$136,050. Exposure to custodial credit risk was as follows. The Authority maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which means that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

As of September 30, 2017, the Authority had \$11,739 in investments at M & T Bank.

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy recently established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The Authority uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable and uses significant unobservable inputs that use the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the Authority's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

Based on the criteria in the preceding paragraph, the investments in M & T Bank are Level 1 investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The formal investment policy of the Authority conforms with State statutory requirements and bond indentures for investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to increasing interest rates.

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

The Authority's investments are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The Authority has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Authority places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one investment. The investments in M & T Bank are 100% of the investment balances at September 30, 2017.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2017 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended. The Authority considers any decline in fair value for certain investments to be temporary.

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt activity for the Authority for the year ended September 30, 2017:

Long-term Debt at October 1, 2016	\$ 2,230,720
Principal payments	 (169,403)
Long-term Debt at September 30, 2017	\$ 2,061,317

Authority debt is comprised of the following at September 30, 2017:

Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2015-1

\$2,255,700 Series 2015-1 Bonds, interest at 5.95%, maturing thru May 1, 2026, payable annually on May 1; collateralized by the pledged revenues of special assessments levied against the benefited property owners.

\$ 2,056,444

Loan Payable Due to Funding Group

\$5,020 for the initial funding related to the financing agreement to be repaid by the property owner over 20 year beginning May 1, 2017 at an interest rate of 6.16%.

4,873

Total Long-term Debt at September 30, 2017

\$ 2,061,317

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Master Bond Resolution

On June 26, 2014, the Authority adopted Resolution 2014-03 which authorized the issuance of not to exceed \$2,500,000,000 Florida Green Finance Authority Revenue Bonds in various series for the purpose of providing funds to finance the cost of qualifying renewable energy, energy efficiency and conversation and wind resistance improvements for use by property owners within the jurisdiction of the Authority. The proceeds of the Bonds may be used only for purposes of funding Qualifying Improvements and expenses incidental thereto, as authorized by and in the manner set forth in the PACE Act. As of September 30, 2017, the Authority issued \$2,225,700 authorized by Resolution 2014-03 and the remaining balance is \$2,497,774,300. Subsequent to year-end, the Authority issued two bonds authorized by Resolution 2014-03 totaling \$5,410,458.

Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2015-1

In June 2015, the Authority issued \$2,225,700 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2015-1 (BrandsMart Project). These bonds were issued to finance the cost of certain qualifying improvements for us by BrandsMart USA of West Palm Beach, Florida. In addition, the Authority has entered into a financing agreement with BrandsMart USA to provide up to \$2,032,508 to BrandsMart USA for the sole purpose of paying the cost of Qualified Improvement on a certain property. In connection with the agreement, the Authority has levied a non-ad valorem assessment on the property. Principal and interest on the Bonds are to be paid annually commencing May 1, 2017 through May 1, 2026.

Loan Payable Due to Funding Group

In September 2015, the Authority received \$5,020 for the initial funding related to the financing agreement. The amount will be repaid by the property owner over 20 years. The total assessment amount of \$5,496 includes capitalized interest and other costs.

PACE Financing Agreements – Conduit Debt

In April 2014, the Authority entered into a PACE financing agreement with a property owner in West Palm Beach, Florida, to facilitate the financing of qualifying improvements and to collect the repayment obligation through a non-ad valorem assessment on the property owner's property tax bill. The Authority is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the debt. The agreement provides for a maximum disbursement amount of \$49,556. The loan was finalized in a prior year directly between the property owner and the bank and amounts were paid directly to the vendors, including closing costs and capitalized interest. The Authority began collection of assessments during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 of approximately \$9,000 per year over a seven-year period. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2017 is \$42,769. During the year, the Authority collected and disbursed \$8,365 related to this debt as the agent for the property owner.

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 179,482	\$ 122,688	\$ 302,170
2019	190,163	112,007	302,170
2020	201,478	100,693	302,171
2021	213,465	88,705	302,170
2022	226,167	76,003	302,170
2023-2027	1,047,759	161,407	1,209,166
2028-2032	1,603	822	2,425
2033-2036	 1,200	 740_	 1,940
	 _	 _	_
Totals	\$ 2,061,317	\$ 663,065	\$ 2,724,382

Significant Bond Resolution Terms and Covenants

The Bond Indenture established certain amounts be maintained in a reserve account. In addition, the Bond Indenture has certain restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the Authority on assessments to property owners. The Authority agrees to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and to meet the reserve requirements.

Summary of Significant Bonds Resolution Terms and Covenants

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2015-1

<u>Depository Funds</u> – The bond resolution establishes certain funds and determines the order in which revenues are to be deposited into these funds. A description of the significant funds, including their purposes, is as follows:

1. <u>Reserve Funds</u> – The 2015-1 Reserve Account is funded from the proceeds of the Series 2015-1 Bonds in the amount of \$9,000. Monies held in the reserve accounts will be used only for the purposes established in the Trust Indenture.

NOTE E – RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. There were no settled claims within the last three years,

NOTE F – THIRD PARTY ADMINISTRATOR

The Renewable Funding Group is the Third Party Administrator for the Authority and is responsible for providing certain services for the design, implementation and administration of the Florida Green Energy Works Program.

NOTE G - AUTHORITY MEMBERS

At September 30, 2017, the Members of the Authority are as follows:

Town of Lantana
Town of Mangonia Park
City of West Palm Beach
City of Boynton Beach
Village of Tequesta
City of Lake Worth
City of Gulfport
City of Fellsmere
Broward County
Hillsborough County
Orange County

City of Stuart
City of Sebastian
Martin County
Pasco County
Escambia County
City of Hollywood
City of Margate
Alachua County
Charlotte County
Levy County

Palm Beach County

NOTE H - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year-end, the Authority issued two Special Assessment Revenue Bonds. In February 2018, the Authority issued Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 (Dadeland Mall Project) for \$2,595,469. In June 2018, the Authority issued Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 (Orlando International Premium Outlets Project) for \$2,814,989.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Florida Green Finance Authority
Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Florida Green Finance Authority, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Florida Green Finance Authority's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Green Finance Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Green Finance Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Board of Directors
Florida Green Finance Authority

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Florida Green Finance Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants

Derger Joonbo Glam 1 Daines + Frank

Fort Pierce, Florida

September 28, 2018



Certified Public Accountants

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors Florida Green Finance Authority Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Florida Green Finance Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2018.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professionals Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated September 28, 2018, should be considered in conjunction with this Management Letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Florida Green Finance Authority has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Florida Green Finance Authority did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1) Florida Statutes.



To the Board of Directors Florida Green Finance Authority

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Florida Green Finance Authority. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Florida Green Finance Authority's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same as of September 30, 2017.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Annual Financial Report

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the Florida Green Finance Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our Management Letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Derger Joonsbor Glam

Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

September 28, 2018



Certified Public Accountants PL

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Directors Florida Green Finance Authority Florida

We have examined Florida Green Finance Authority's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2017. Management is responsible for Florida Green Finance Authority's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Florida Green Finance Authority's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Florida Green Finance Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Florida Green Finance Authority's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Florida Green Finance Authority complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2017.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

September 28, 2018

Private Companies Practice Section